
Appendix C — Farmland Conversion Impact Rating Form



United States Department of Agriculture

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service

Federal Building, 2 Madbury Road, Durham, NH 03824-2043 (603) 868-7581 Fax: (603) 868-5301

www.nh.nrcs.usda.gov

April 26, 2004

RECEIVED

Re: NHDOT Plaistow-Kingston Project #10044B

APR 27 2004

VHB, Inc.

William J. Berry, PhD
Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.
Kilton Road, 6 Bedford Farms
Bedford, NH 03110

Dear Bill,

I am returning a completed form AD-1006 on the NHDOT Plaistow-Kingston Project. A review of the important farmland soils within the project corridor indicate minimal impact on the conversion of agricultural soils to non-agricultural use. With Part VI complete on the AD-1006, I have proceeded to complete Part VIII and arrive at a final evaluation of 93 points for all three alternatives presented.

The point score of 93 is well below the threshold of 160 points that would trigger reconsideration. Because the final evaluation is less than 160 points, no further consideration or action is required and activity can proceed under any of the three alternatives proposed.

The FPPA approval process is complete and this project is considered in full compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act. Please file this form and letter for future reference, as needed.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Steven J. Hundley
State Soil Scientist

FARMLAND CONVERSION IMPACT RATING

PART I (To be completed by Federal Agency)		1. Date of Land Evaluation Request February 16, 2004	2. Sheet <u>1</u> of <u>2</u>
3. Name of Project: Plaistow-Kingston #10044B		4. Federal Agency Involved: Federal Highway Administration	
5. Proposed Land Use Reconstruction and Widening of NH 125		6. County and State: Rockingham Co., NH	7. Type of Project: Corridor <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>
PART II (To be completed by NRCS)		1. Date Request Received by NRCS 4/14/04	3. Person Completing the NRCS parts of this form Steve Hundley, State Soil Scientist
3. Does the site or corridor contain prime, unique, statewide or local important farmland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> (If no, the FPPA does not apply - Do not complete additional parts of this form)		4. Acres Irrigated -0-	5. Average Farm Size Acres 125 ac.
6. Major Crop(s) Corn Silage / Grass Legume Hay	7. Farmable Land in Government Jurisdiction Acres: 349,686 75.2%		8. Amount of Farmland As Defined in FPPA Acres: 126,772 27.0 %
9. Name of Land Evaluation System Used Rockingham County	10. Name of Local Site Assessment System N/A	11. Date Land Evaluation Returned by NRCS 04/26/04	

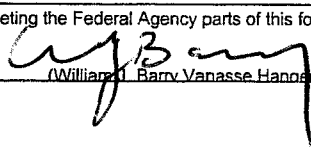
PART III (To be completed by Federal Agency)		Alternative Site Rating			
		Site A	Site B	Site C	Site D
A. Total Acres To Be Converted Directly (i.e., For additional right-of-way acquisition)		11±	11±	11±	
B. Total Acres To Be Converted Indirectly, Or To Receive Services (i.e., Remainder of corridor)		53	53	53	
C. Total Acres in Site (i.e., Within corridor 5/4 miles X 100 ft. wide))		64	64	64	
PART IV (To be completed by NRCS) Land Evaluation Information					
A. Total Acres Prime and Unique Farmland		0	0	0	
B. Total Acres Statewide and Local Important Farmland		46.0	46.0	46.0	
C. Percentage of Farmland in County or Local Govt. Unit to be Converted		<.003	<.003	<.003	
D. Percentage of Farmland in Govt. Jurisdiction with Same or Higher Relative Value		41.9%	41.9%	41.9%	
PART V (To be completed by NRCS) Land Evaluation Criterion Relative Value of Farmland to be Serviced or Converted (Scale of 0 - 100 Points)		59.1	59.1	59.1	
PART VI (To be completed by Federal Agency) Corridor or Site Assessment Criteria (These criteria are explained in 7 CFR 658.5(b & c))					
	Max. Points Corridor Other				
1. Area in Nonurban Use	15 15	14	14	14	
2. Perimeter in Nonurban Use	10 10	5	5	5	
3. Percent of Site Being Farmed	20 20	0	0	0	
4. Protection Provided by State and Local Government	20 20	0	0	0	
5. Distance from Urban Built-up area	0 15	0	0	0	
6. Distance to Urban Support Services	0 15	0	0	0	
7. Size of Present Farm Unit Compared to Average	10 10	5	5	5	
8. Creation of Non-Farmable Farmland	25 10	0	0	0	
9. Availability of Farm Support Services	5 5	5	5	5	
10. On-Farm Investments	20 20	0	0	0	
11. Effects of Conversion on Farm Support Services	25 10	0	0	0	
12. Compatibility with Existing Agricultural Use	10 10	5	5	5	
TOTAL CORRIDOR OR SITE ASSESSMENT POINTS	160 34	34	34	34	
PART VII (To be completed by Federal Agency)					
Relative Value of Farmland (from Part V above)		100	59	59	59
Total Corridor or Site Assessment (From Part VI above or a local site assessment)		160	34	34	34
TOTAL POINTS (Total of above 2 lines)		260	93	93	93

PART VIII (To be completed by Federal Agency after final alternative is chosen)		
1. Corridor or Site Selected: Site A - Preferred Alternative or Widening of NH 125 to the East with Partial Relocation of both Hunt Rd. and Newton Jct. Rd.	2. Date of Selection: 12/16/02	3. Was A Local Site Assessment Used? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

4. Reason For Selection:

Site A (Preferred Alternative) provided the best compromise relative to avoidance of impacts to historic properties of all the alternatives, while also minimizing any impacts to natural resources including important farmland soils.

Signature of person completing the Federal Agency parts of this form:



(William J. Barry Vanasse Hannon Brustlin, Inc.)

DATE

02/16/04

Site A = Alternative 4 or the Preferred Alternative. Widening primarily equally to both sides of the road, with a shift to the west between Dorre Road and Debra Road to avoid Happy Hollow Cemetery and to the east at the Hunt Rd./Newton Junction Rd. Intersection to avoid a historical property.

Site B = Alternative 2. Maintaining the existing edge of pavement on the east side and widening entirely to the west.

Site C = Alternative 3. Maintaining the existing edge of pavement on the west side and widening entirely to the east.

Note: Important Farmland Soil impacts associated with the Hunt Rd./Newton Junction Rd. improvements (Kingston Project #10044C) were previously evaluated. See Form AD-1006 dated 12/16/02.

■

Appendix D — Consultation Relative to Threatened and Endangered Species, and Exemplary Natural Communities



Kilton Road
Six Bedford Farms, Suite 607
Bedford
New Hampshire 03110-6532
603 644 0888
FAX 603 644 2385

July 25, 2002

Ref: 51272

Mr. Michael Bartlett
US Fish and Wildlife Service
70 Commercial Street, Suite 300
Concord, NH 03301-5087

Re: Plaistow-Kingston, NH Route 125, NHDOT #10044-B

Dear Mr. Bartlett:

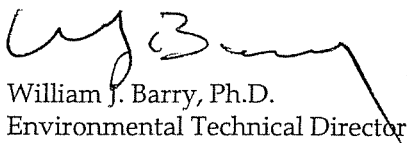
Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc. (VHB) is currently developing designs and preparing the necessary environmental documentation for New Hampshire DOT's proposed reconstruction and widening of NH 125 between Plaistow and Kingston. The approximately 6-mile corridor begins at the intersection of NH 125/East Street/Joanne Drive in Plaistow and extends northward to the intersection of NH 125/New Boston Road in Kingston.

The purpose of this letter is to formally request any information you may have on the presence of federally-listed threatened and endangered species in the project corridor. A site location map (USGS Quads, Kingston and Haverhill) is attached. If you have any questions or require further information please don't hesitate to call me at (603) 644-0888 or email: wbarry@vhb.com.

Thank you for your assistance.

Very truly yours,

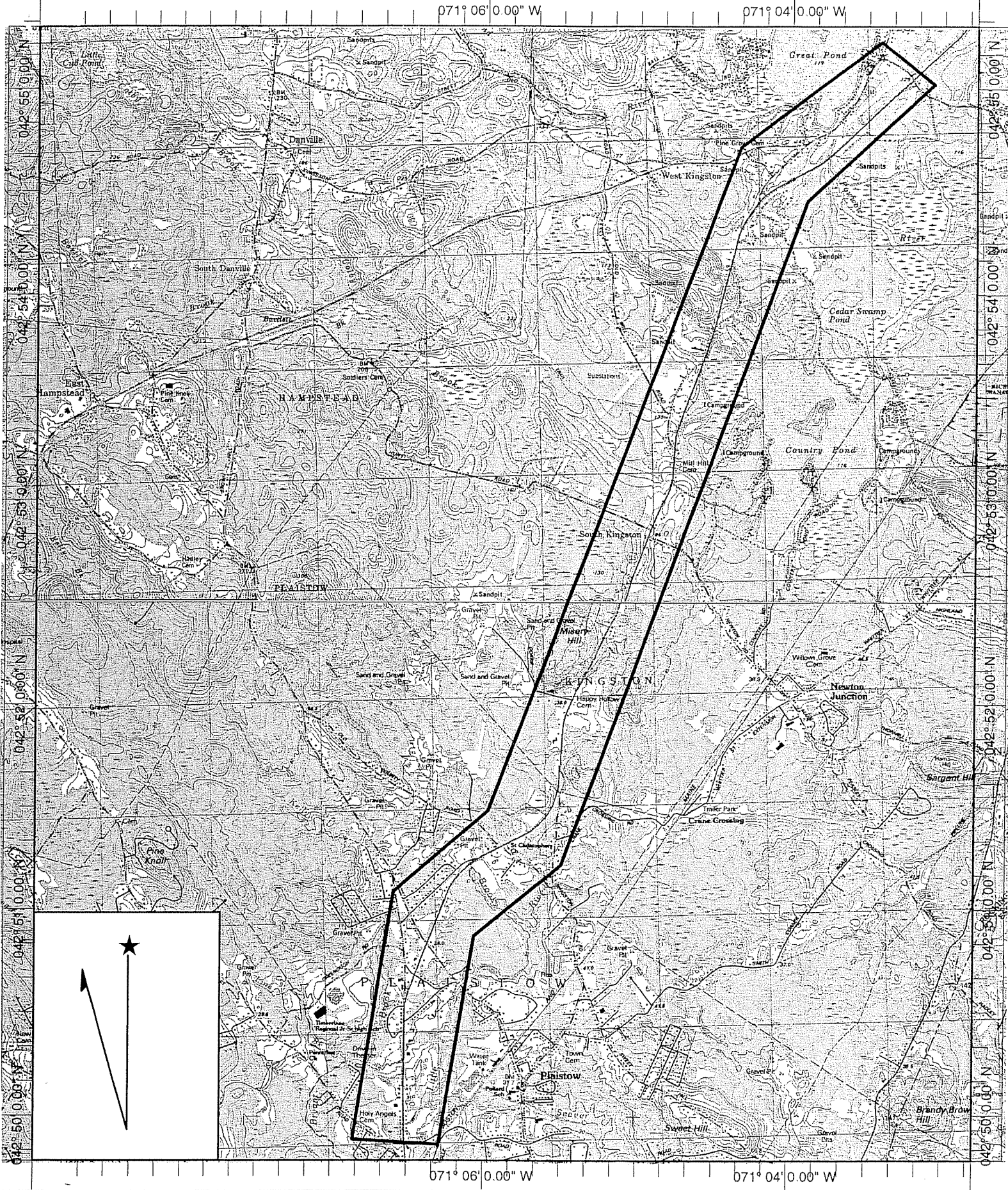
VANASSE HANGEN BRUSTLIN, INC.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "W. J. Barry", is written over the typed name and title.

William J. Barry, Ph.D.
Environmental Technical Director

Attachment

cc: M. Kennedy, VHB



Name: KINGSTON
Date: 7/25/2002
Scale: 1 inch equals 3636 feet

Location: 042° 52' 32.6" N 071° 05' 52.1" W
Caption: NH Route 125 Plaistow-Kingston
Study Corridor



Kilton Road
Six Bedford Farms, Suite 607
Bedford
New Hampshire 03110-6532
603 644 0888
FAX 603 644 2385

Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

Transportation
Land Development
Environmental Services

July 24, 2002

Ref: 51272

Mr. Lionel Chute, Coordinator
NH Natural Heritage Inventory
NH Department of Resources and Economic Development
P.O. Box 1856
172 Pembroke Road
Concord, NH 03302

Re: Plaistow-Kingston, NH Route 125 , NHDOT # 10044-B

Dear Mr. Chute:

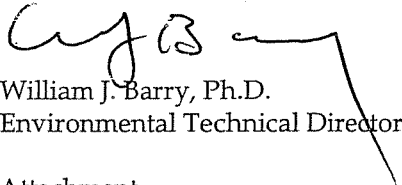
Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc. (VHB) is currently developing designs and preparing the necessary environmental documentation for New Hampshire DOT's proposed reconstruction and widening of NH 125 between Plaistow and Kingston. The approximately 6-mile corridor begins at the intersection of NH 125/East Street/Joanne Drive in Plaistow and extends northward to the intersection of NH 125/New Boston Road in Kingston.

The purpose of this letter is to formally request a Natural Heritage Inventory database search to determine if there are any known occurrences of special status species or communities within the project area. A site location map (USGS Quads, Kingston and Haverhill) is attached. If you have any questions or require further information please don't hesitate to call me at (603) 644-0888 or email: wbarry@vhb.com.

Thank you for your assistance.

Very truly yours,

VANASSE HANGEN BRUSTLIN, INC.



William J. Barry, Ph.D.
Environmental Technical Director

Attachment

cc: M. Kennedy, VHB



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
New England Field Office
70 Commercial Street, Suite 300
Concord, New Hampshire 03301-5087



RE: NH Route 125
Plaistow-Kingston, New Hampshire
NHDOT #10044-B

August 27, 2002

RECEIVED

AUG 29 2002

VHP Inc.

William J. Barry
Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.
Kilton Road
6 Bedford Farms, Suite 607
Bedford, NH 03110-6532

Dear Mr. Barry:

This responds to your letter dated July 25, 2002 requesting information on the presence of federally-listed or proposed endangered or threatened species in relation to the proposed reconstruction and widening of NH Route 125 between Plaistow and Kingston, New Hampshire. Our comments are provided in accordance with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531-1543).

Based on information currently available to us, no federally-listed or proposed, threatened or endangered species under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service are known to occur in the project areas. Preparation of a Biological Assessment or further consultation with us under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act is not required. Should project plans change, or additional information on listed or proposed species becomes available, this determination may be reconsidered.

Thank you for your cooperation. Please contact me at 603-223-2541 if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely yours,

Philip A. Morrison
Fish and Wildlife Biologist
New England Field Office

Memo



NH NATURAL HERITAGE INVENTORY

RECEIVED

AUG 06 2002

VHB, Inc.

To: Dr William Barry, Vanasse Hangen Brustlin Inc
Kilton Rd
Six Bedford Farms Ste 607
Bedford NH 03110-6532

From: Sara Cairns, NH Natural Heritage Inventory

Date: 8/2/2002

Re: Review by NH Natural Heritage Inventory of request dated 7/24/2002
NHI File ID: NHI-1485
Project type: Road reconstruction

cc: John Kanter

Town: Kingston

Location: NH 125 between Plaistow and Kingston

I have searched our database for records of rare species and exemplary natural communities near the area identified in your request, with the following results. A species not listed by the state or the federal government as Threatened (T) or Endangered (E) has either been identified as a species of special concern in NH (W), or is rare enough in the state to be tracked by NH Heritage even though it has not yet been added to the official state list. An asterisk (*) indicates that the most recent report for that occurrence was more than 20 years ago.

Invertebrate Species

Eastern Pondmussel (<i>Ligumia nasuta</i>)	State	Federal	Notes
	-	-	Contact John Kanter, NH Fish & Game Dept, at (603) 271-2462. NH F&G has legal authority over animals in New Hampshire.

Natural Community

Atlantic White Cedar Basin Swamp	State	Federal	Notes
	-	-	Changes to the hydrology of the wetland are the greatest threat facing the cedar swamp. Damming which causes pooling for extended periods can flood and drown existing trees, and drainage that results in lower water levels can lead to invasion by other species that can out compete -- and eventually eliminate -- Atlantic white cedar trees. Increased nutrient input from stormwater runoff could also deleteriously impact this acidic, low-nutrient plant community.
SNE Level Bog	-	-	Level bogs are extremely stagnant, and as such are characterized by low nutrient levels, relatively high acidity levels, and accumulations of peat. The primary threats to this community are changes to its hydrology (especially that which causes pooling), increased nutrient input from stormwater runoff, and sedimentation from nearby disturbance.

Department of Resources and Economic Development
Division of Forests and Lands
(603) 271-3623 fax: 271-6488

DRED/NHI
PO Box 1856
Concord NH 03302-1856

Memo



NH NATURAL HERITAGE INVENTORY

Natural Community (cont.)	State	Federal	Notes
Streamside fen ecosystem	-	-	The primary threats to this community are changes to its hydrology (especially that which causes pooling), increased nutrient input from stormwater runoff, and sedimentation from nearby disturbance. Streamside communities are also at risk from the introduction of invasive plants.

This site is within an area flagged for possible impacts on the state-listed *Ligumia nasuta* (eastern pondmussel) in the Great Pond.

A negative result (no record in our database) does not mean that a sensitive species is not present. Our data can only tell you of known occurrences, based on information gathered by qualified biologists and reported to our office. However, many areas have never been surveyed, or have only been surveyed for certain species. For some purposes, including legal requirements for state wetland permits, the fact that no species of concern are known to be present is sufficient. However, an on-site survey would provide better information on what species and communities are indeed present.

Department of Resources and Economic Development
Division of Forests and Lands
(603) 271-3623 fax: 271-6488

DRED/NHI
PO Box 1856
Concord NH 03302-1856

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Inventory - Community Record

Atlantic White Cedar Basin Swamp

Legal Status

Federal: Not listed

State: Not listed

Conservation Status

Global: Rare or uncommon

State: Critically imperiled due to rarity or vulnerability

Description at this Location

Conservation Rank: Fair quality, condition and/or lanscape context ('C' on a scale of A-D).

Comments on Rank:

Detailed Description: NARROW THICKET OF TREES 25' TALL IN SMALL PATCH ALONG ROUTE 125. LARGER PATCH IS POSTED AGAINST TRESPASSING AND WAS DELINEATED FROM PHOTOS AND MAPS.

General Area:

Comments: LARGER PATCH NEEDS FIELD WORK AND LAND-OWNER CONTACT (Management comments): SMALL PATCH MAY BE SUSCEPTIBLE TO DISTURBANCE FROM ROUTE 125 AND WINDTHROW.

Location

Survey Site Name: POW WOW RIVER NORTH

Conservation Land:

County: Rockingham

Town(s): Kingston

Size:

USGS quad(s): Kingston (4207181)

Lat, Long: 425431N, 0710319W

Elevation: 125'

Precision: Within (but not necessarily restricted to) the area indicated on the map. (Dot # 50)

Directions: ROUTE 125 NORTH TOWARD KINGSTON. ABOUT 0.5 MILE NORTH OF INTERSECTION WITH ROUTE 111, TURN RIGHT ONTO DIRT ROAD TOWARD SAND-PIT (IFF YOU COME TO ROUTE 108 INTERSECTION, YOU HAVE GONE TOO FAR). SMALL PATCH IS JUST EAST OF 125; LARGER PATCH IS EAST OF SANDPIT AND NORTH OF OPEN WETLAND.

Dates documented

First observation: 1993-03-09

Last observation: 1994-03-09

Sperduto, D. & N. Ritter. 1994. Altantic White Cedar Wetlands of New Hampshire. Environmental Protection Agency, Boston, MA.

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Inventory - Community Record

Atlantic White Cedar Basin Swamp

Legal Status	Conservation Status
Federal: Not listed	Global: Rare or uncommon
State: Not listed	State: Critically imperiled due to rarity or vulnerability

Description at this Location

Conservation Rank: Good quality, condition and lanscape context ('B' on a scale of A-D).

Comments on Rank:

Detailed Description: 1993: At least 11 stands plus a larger red maple wetland complex with scattered cedar. The northern-most stand is one of the largest (up to 19 acres). At its east end, cedar forms a dense, young "dog-hair" thicket. Several hundred feet further to the northwest, the cedar is still fairly young but larger, with canopy dominants reaching 40 feet and ranging from 13-28 cm DBH. The western end is generally more mature. Trees with 14 cm and 33 cm DBH were aged at 75 and 97 years, respectively. Two small stands (ca. 2 acres each) occur east of this swamp. The cedar here is young and mostly scraggly, under heavy competition from red maple. To the south and west, cedar is scattered sparsely throughout a large wetland complex. A small (1-1.5 acre) basin wetland with scattered, small stands of cedar ca. 50 feet tall and 12-14 cm DBH occurs to the south of a dirt road south of Tucker Swamp. Several hundred feet further south is a small (ca. 2 acres) fairly young stand with 20-45 foot cedar that reach 10-17 cm DBH. The next wetland to the south (5-6 acres) is similar, with fairly young 70% cover of cedar. Canopies reach 45-50 feet and DBHs average 10-15 cm. An occasional cedar reaches 30 cm DBH. Just south of this area is an interesting closed kettle hole basin cedar bog (ca. 15 acres). The "bog eye" of this community has a shrub mat with a scattered cedar woodland canopy and abundant dwarf to medium height shrubs. The bog mat and cedar woodland grades into a cedar thicket ca. 15 feet high and averaging 5-8 cm DBH. This stand was probably cut 15-30 years ago. A number of large (15 cm) blowdowns persist on the ground, indicating a formerly more mature structure. At the transition to the open bog mat a gnarled cedar of 28 cm DBH was cored at a height of 2 feet, revealing a ring count of 207 years, the oldest known cedar in New Hampshire. Finally, two small (1.5 acres) stands are found 0.3 miles to the southwest. The northern-most has cedar reaching to 55 feet and 33 cm DBH. A cut stump indicates 70-80 year ages of the mature trees. The more southern stand has a more even mix of cedar and red maple (33% cover each).

General Area: 1993: The large northern stand is just west of a major powerline right-of-way, and is bordered on the west by a *Chamaedaphne calyculata* (leather-leaf) shrub border along the Powwow River. The two small stands to the east are at the northern edge of a large wetland complex extending south and west. The 5-6 acre stand to the south forms the western end of this wetland system. Further to the southeast of the cedar stands is a large red maple swamp with no apparent cedar.

Comments: Boundaries of cedar confirmed during 1993 field season. (Management comments): 1993: At the west end of Richard Sergeant Management Area there is a very deep emergent marsh dominated by *Typha latifolia* (common cat-tail) created by damming of the wetland by NH Fish and Game Department and/or beavers.

Location

Survey Site Name: TUCKER SWAMP/POWWOW RIVER EAST
Conservation Land: E.T.'s Landing

County: Rockingham
Town(s): Kingston
Size:

USGS quad(s): Kingston (4207181)
Lat, Long: 425430N, 0710255W
Elevation: 120'

Precision: Within (but not necessarily restricted to) the area indicated on the map. (Dot # 32)

Directions: Tucker Swamp.

Dates documented

First observation: 1963

Last observation: 1993-08-19

Korpi, J. 1988. Field survey to Powwow Swamp, date unknown ("see visit report for TNHL").

Sperduto, D. & N. Ritter. 1994. Atlantic White Cedar Wetlands of New Hampshire. Environmental Protection Agency, Boston, MA.

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Inventory - Community Record

SNE Level Bog

Legal Status

Federal: Not listed
State: Not listed

Conservation Status

Global: Not ranked (need more information)
State: Critically imperiled due to rarity or vulnerability

Description at this Location

Conservation Rank: Good quality, condition and lanscape context ('B' on a scale of A-D).
Comments on Rank: SMALL BUT UNDISTURBED.

Detailed Description: ASSOCIATED SPECIES INCLUDE: GAYLUSSACIA DUMOSA VAR BIGELOVIANA, CALOPOGON, MENYANTHES, PLATANThERA BLEPHARIGLOTIS, POGONIA, SARRACENIA, VACCINIUM SPP., UTRICULARIA CORNUTA, WOODWARDIA VIRGINICA, ERIOPHORUM VIRGINICUM, DROSERA INTERMEDIA, ETC. 1989: G. DUMOSA.

General Area: A BOG MAT SURROUNDING A POND; ADJACENT SWAMP FOREST DOMINATED BY CHAMAECYPARIS.

Comments: ALSO KNOWN AS KINGSTON BOG.

Location

Survey Site Name: CEDAR SWAMP POND BOG
Conservation Land: Webster Wildlife + Natural Area

County: Rockingham
Town(s): Kingston
Size: 5 acres

USGS quad(s): Kingston (4207181)
Lat, Long: 425357N, 0710348W
Elevation: 110'

Precision: Within (but not necessarily restricted to) the area indicated on the map. (Dot # 3)

Directions: CEDAR SWAMP POND BOG. WEST SIDE OF POND. TAKE DIRT ROAD THAT LEADS ACROSS SANDPITS TO FOREST BEYOND. A BLOCKED OFF DIRT ROAD TO LEFT (EAST) IS A FEW HUNDRED YARDS SOUTH OF BOG.

Dates documented

First observation: 1982
Last observation: 1989-07-22

Sperduto, Dan. 1989. Field survey to Kingston Cedar Swamp of 22 July.



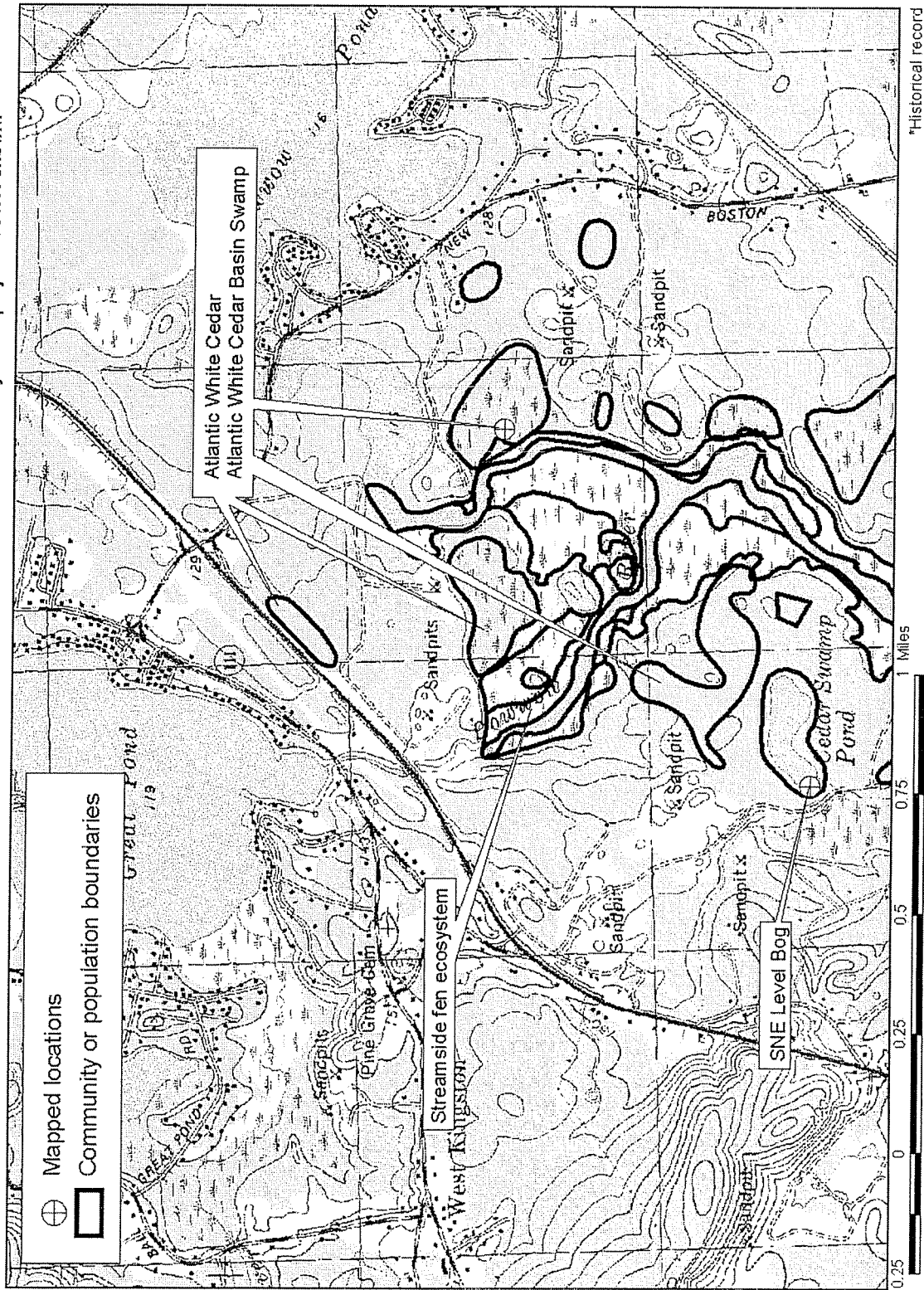
1485



NH Natural Heritage Inventory

Known locations of rare species and exemplary natural communities

Note: Mapped locations are not always exact. Occurrences that are not in the vicinity of the project are not shown.





NEW HAMPSHIRE NATURAL HERITAGE INVENTORY

DRED - DIVISION OF FORESTS & LANDS

PO Box 1856 -- 172 PEMBROKE ROAD, CONCORD, NH 03302-1856
(603) 271-3623

Exemplary Bogs and Fens of New Hampshire



Daniel D. Sperduto and William F. Nichols
with assistance from Katherine F. Crowley, Benjamin D. Kimball, and Sara J. Cairns

August 2000

A report submitted to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency by the
New Hampshire Natural Heritage Inventory - DRED Division of Forests & Lands (Concord, NH)
and The Nature Conservancy



A Quick Overview of the NH Natural Heritage Inventory's Purpose and Policies

The Natural Heritage Inventory is mandated by the Native Plant Protection Act of 1987 (NH RSA 217-A) to determine protective measures and requirements necessary for the survival of native plant species in the state, to investigate the condition and degree of rarity of plant species, and to distribute information regarding the condition and protection of these species and their habitats.

The Natural Heritage Inventory provides information to facilitate informed land-use decision-making. We are not a regulatory agency; instead, we work with landowners and land managers to help them protect the State's natural heritage and meet their land-use needs.

The Natural Heritage Inventory has three facets:

Inventory involves identifying new occurrences of sensitive species and classifying New Hampshire's biodiversity. We currently study more than 600 plant and animal species and 120 natural communities. Surveys for rarities on private lands are conducted only with landowner permission.

Tracking is the management of occurrence data. Our database currently contains information about more than 4,000 plant, animal, and natural community occurrences in New Hampshire.

Interpretation is the communication of Natural Heritage Inventory information. Our goal is to cooperate with public and private land managers to help them *protect* rare species populations and exemplary natural communities.

*cover: Sliding fen at the top of Cannon Cliff on Cannon Mountain, New Hampshire
Photograph by Daniel Sperduto*

This project was funded by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Powwow River

Ecosystem Type

Streamside fen ecosystem

Location

County(s): Rockingham

Size: 140 acres

Town(s): Kingston

Elevation: 120 feet

USGS quad(s): KINGSTON

Dates Documented

First observation: 1998-07-28

Last observation: 1998-07-28

General Area

1998: The peatland communities are found adjacent to emergent marsh and aquatic communities that occur right along the river's edge. This section of the Powwow River is relatively undeveloped with only a few scattered homes and gravel pits near the river. Good examples of Atlantic white cedar swamp also occur in this landscape block defined by Route 125 to the northwest, New Boston Road to the northeast, the railroad track to the southeast, and the dirt access road heading southeast from Route 125 toward the railroad track.

Description at this Location

1998: Composed of sizable examples of *Vaccinium corymbosum*/*Myrica gale*-*Spiraea alba* tall-medium shrub thicket (Type 10a; 92 acres) and *Carex lasiocarpa*/*Myrica gale*-*Vaccinium macrocarpon* sedge fen (Type 13; 51 acres).

Other

1998: This site requires more field work to better understand its landuse history and community composition, classification, delineation, and condition. The effects of hydrologic alteration resulting from human-built dams on the formation, maintenance, and/or long-term viability of the peatland complex needs to be considered.

An additional 50 acres adjacent to the peatland in this area are emergent marsh, aquatic bed, and river (total area is 192.9 acres).

POWWOW RIVER Kingston

